

Andrew Forrest

Green Donkey

for guitar trio

*Note: a Dango can be considered to be either
a fandango without a fan or a donkey tango.*

*In the event of a public performance, please include
the composer's name on the programme.*

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Green Donkey

Andrew Forrest

$\text{♩} = 144$

Guitar 1

Guitar 2

Guitar 3

Carefree

ff

mf

ff

mf

mf

The green donkeys of Zanagascar are now thought to be extinct.

6

ff

ff

ff

11

f

17

A No one has seen one for a very long time.

dim.

dim.

dim.

22

How sad!

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

♪ = ♩

27

poco rit - - - -

f

f

f

p

p

p

B A tempo, *Rhythm of the Dango

Musical score for section B, 5/4 time, 2 sharps. The score consists of three staves. The top staff starts with four measures of rests, followed by a dynamic *mp*. The middle staff starts with four measures of rests, followed by a dynamic *mf*, then *mp*. The bottom staff starts with four measures of rests, followed by a dynamic *mf*, then *mp*.

Some say that the coats of the donkeys are intrinsically green.

Musical score starting at measure 36, 5/4 time, 2 sharps. The score consists of three staves. The top staff has sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mf* and a dynamic marking with two right-angle brackets. The middle staff has eighth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mf* and a dynamic marking with two right-angle brackets. The bottom staff has eighth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mf*.

Musical score starting at measure 41, 5/4 time, 2 sharps. The score consists of three staves. The top staff has sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mp* and a dynamic marking with two right-angle brackets. The middle staff has eighth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mp* and a dynamic marking with two right-angle brackets. The bottom staff has eighth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mp*.

45

C

mp

mp

mp

49

mf

mf

mf

53

f

f

f

57

mf

mf

mf

D Others said that the colour was moss on their coats, left after scratching their flanks against the trunks of Zanagaskan oaks.

mp semplice

mp semplice

mp

66 Hee-haw!

ff

ff

Musical score for measures 71-75. The score consists of three staves. Measure 71 starts with eighth-note patterns in the top staff, dynamic *mp*. The middle staff has eighth-note pairs, dynamic *mp*. The bottom staff has eighth-note pairs, dynamic *mp*. Measures 72-73 show eighth-note patterns with some grace notes and dynamics *ff* and *mp*. Measure 74 continues eighth-note patterns with dynamics *ff* and *mp*. Measure 75 concludes with eighth-note patterns.

Musical score for measures 76-80. Measure 76 starts with a rest, dynamic *ff*, followed by eighth-note patterns. Measure 77 begins with a boxed section labeled 'E' and a tempo marking $\text{d} = \text{j}$. Measure 78 shows eighth-note patterns with dynamic *ff*. Measure 79 continues eighth-note patterns. Measure 80 concludes with eighth-note patterns.

Musical score for measures 81-85. The score consists of three staves. Measure 81 starts with sixteenth-note patterns in the top staff, dynamic *mf*. The middle staff has sixteenth-note patterns, dynamic *mf*. The bottom staff has eighth-note patterns, dynamic *mf*. Measures 82-84 continue with sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 85 concludes with sixteenth-note patterns.

86

A musical score page featuring three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature changes throughout the section. Measure 86 begins with a forte dynamic (f). Measures 87-88 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 89 starts with a sharp sign, followed by a series of eighth notes. Measure 90 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

91

A musical score page featuring three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature changes frequently. Measure 91 starts with a dynamic f. Measures 92-93 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 94 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

96

A musical score page featuring three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature changes frequently. Measure 96 starts with a dynamic f. Measures 97-98 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 99 begins with a ritardando (rit.) instruction. Measures 100-101 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 102 ends with a dynamic p.

Guitar 1

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The sheet music for 'Green Donkey' for Guitar 1 consists of ten staves of musical notation. Staff 1 (measures 1-6) starts with a dynamic ***ff***, followed by a dynamic ***mf*** and a melodic line labeled **Carefree**. Staff 2 (measures 7-11) contains a lyrical melody with a note below the staff. Staff 3 (measures 12-14) shows a rhythmic pattern with a dynamic ***f***. Staff 4 (measures 15-17) includes a box labeled **A** with the text "No one has seen one for a very long time." and a dynamic ***dim.***. Staff 5 (measures 18-23) features a dynamic ***p***, a crescendo, and a dynamic ***f***. Staff 6 (measures 24-28) includes a dynamic ***poco rit***, a box labeled **B** with the text "A tempo, *Rhythm of the Dango", and dynamics ***p*** and ***mp***. Staff 7 (measures 29-35) contains a dynamic ***mf*** with slurs. Staff 8 (measures 36-40) includes a dynamic ***mp*** and a dynamic ***f***. Staff 9 (measures 41-45) contains a dynamic ***V*** and a dynamic ***mp***. Staff 10 (measures 46-50) includes a dynamic ***mp*** and a dynamic ***mf***.

* A dango can be considered to be either a fandango without a fan or a donkey tango.

50 

Others said that the colour was moss on their coats, left after scratching their flanks against the trunks of Zanagascan oaks.

64

68 V Hee-haw!
② *mp*

74 V  2 *ff*
mp

80 *mf*

85 *f*

90

94 *p* rit.

Guitar 2

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$\text{♩} = 144$

V I Carefree

ff (4) **mf**

6 The green donkeys of Zanagascar are now thought to be extinct.

11 **f**

A No one has seen one for a very long time. How sad! $\text{♪} = \text{♪}$

dim. **p** **cresc.**

26 **poco rit** - - - **p**

B A tempo, *Rhythm of the Dango II

2 **mf** **mp**

36 Some say that the coats of the donkeys are intrinsically green.

mp **>** **mf** **>**

40 **mp** **>**

44

This musical score for 'Green Donkey' is composed for guitar. It consists of six staves of music, each with a unique set of markings and dynamics. Staff 1 starts with a forte dynamic (ff) and a 4th position fingering, followed by a piano dynamic (mf). Staff 2 contains lyrics about the extinction of green donkeys. Staff 3 includes a dynamic instruction (f) and a performance note 'A' with a 'dim.' marking. Staff 4 features a dynamic instruction (p) and a 'cresc.' marking. Staff 5 includes a dynamic instruction (p) and a 'poco rit' (ritardando) instruction. Staff 6 includes a dynamic instruction (mf) and a 'mp' marking. The score also includes sections labeled 'I' and 'II' and a section labeled 'B' with a '2' above it. Various slurs, grace notes, and rhythmic patterns are used throughout the score.

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C

51

55

2

60

D

mf

mp semplice

Others said that the colour was moss on their coats, left after scratching their flanks against the trunks of Zanagaskan oaks.

64

69

Hee-haw!

ff

mp

ff

74

E

79

mf

85

4

f

rit.

94

p

Guitar 3

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$\text{♩} = 144$

III I *Carefree*

A No one has seen one for a very long time.

How sad! $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$

poco rit - -

B A tempo, *Rhythm of the Dango

Some say that the coats of the donkeys are intrinsically green.

C

***** A dango can be considered to be either a fandango without a fan or a donkey tango.

49

53

57

D

Others said that the colour was moss on their coats, left after scratching their flanks against the trunks of Zanagascan oaks.

67

I Hee-haw!

72

76

III

E

81

87

4

f

rit.

96

dim.

p